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shall be allowed to sit for the examination more than twice in any 6-month period

- (c) Attorneys. (1) An attorney engaged by a claimant shall state in writing on his or her letterhead that the attorney is authorized to represent the claimant in order to have access to information in the claimant's file pertinent to the particular claim presented. For an attorney to have complete access to all information in an individual's records, the attorney must provide a signed consent from the claimant or the claimant's guardian. The consent shall be equivalent to an executed power of attorney.
- (2) If the claimant so consents, an attorney associated or affiliated with the claimant's attorney of record or employed by the same legal services office as the attorney of record may assist in representation and may have access to the claimant's records in the same manner as the attorney of record.
- (3) Legal interns, law students, and paralegals may not be independently accredited to represent claimants under this paragraph. (See §14.630; see also §19.156).
- (4) Unless revoked by the claimant, consent provided under paragraph (c)(2) of this section or §14.631(c)(iii) shall remain effective in the event the claimant's original attorney is replaced as attorney of record by another member of the same law firm or an attorney employed by the same legal services office.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 2900-0018)

[53 FR 52421, Dec. 28, 1988, as amended at 55 FR 38057, Sept. 17, 1990]

§14.630 Authorization for a particular claim.

Any person may be authorized to prepare, present, and prosecute a particular claim. A proper power of attorney, and a statement signed by the person and the claimant that no compensation will be charged or paid for the services, shall be filed with the office where the claim is presented. A signed writing, which may be in letter form, identifying the claimant and the type of benefit or relief sought, specifically authorizing a named individual to act as the claimant's representative,

and further authorizing direct access to records pertinent to the claim, will be accepted as a power of attorney. A person accredited under this section shall represent only one claimant; however, in unusual circumstances, appeal of such limitation may be made to the General Counsel.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 5903) [53 FR 52421, Dec. 28, 1988]

§14.631 Powers of attorney.

- (a) A power of attorney, executed on either Department of Veterans Affairs Form 23–22 (Appointment of Veterans Service Organization as Claimant's Representative) or Department of Veterans Affairs Form 2–22a (Appointment of Attorney or Agent as Claimant's Representative), is required to represent a claimant, except when representation is by an attorney who complies with §14.629(c) or when representation by an individual is authorized under §14.630. The power of attorney shall meet the following requirements:
 - (1) Contain signature by:
 - (i) The claimant, or
 - (ii) The claimant's guardian, or
- (iii) In the case of an incompetent, minor, or otherwise incapacitated person without a guardian, the following in the order named—spouse, parent, other relative or friend (if interests are not adverse), or the director of the hospital in which the claimant is maintained; and
- (2) Shall be presented to the appropriate Department of Veterans Affairs office for filing in the veteran's claims folder.
- (b) Questions concerning powers of attorney shall be referred to the Regional Counsel of jurisdiction for initial determination. This determination may be appealed to the General Counsel.
- (c)(1) Only one organization, agent, or attorney will be recognized at one time in the prosecution of a particular claim. Except as provided in §14.629(c) and paragraphs (c)(2) and (c)(3) of this section, all transactions concerning the claim will be conducted exclusively with the recognized organization, agent, or attorney of record until notice of a change, if any, is received by the Department of Veterans Affairs.